

SAMUNNATI FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION & SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED	
POLICY	KYC AML Policy
Reviewing Authority:	Audit Committee
Approving Authority:	Board of Directors
Original Issue Date:	June 20, 2016
Version No.:	8
Date of approval by Policy Approval	May 23, 2023
Committee	
Last Review Date:	May 29, 2023
Effective Date:	May 29, 2023
Review Cycle:	Annually or as recommended by the Board of Directors



'Know Your Customer' (KYC) Guidelines – Anti Money Laundering Standards

1. Introduction

Reserve Bank of India (RBI) on February 25, 2016 (bearing ref no. **RBI/DBR/2015-16/18 DBR.AML.BC**. **No.81/14.01.001/2015-16)** notified the Know your customer (KYC) Directions, 2016 (**KYC Directions**, **2016**), inter alia, directing that every Regulated Entity (RE) shall have a Know your customer (KYC) Policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. These directions have been issued by the RBI in terms of the provisions of Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (**PMLA**) and the Prevention of Money-Laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules 2005.

2. General Guidelines

The information collected from the customer for the purpose of opening of account should be kept as confidential and any details thereof should not be divulged for cross selling or any other purposes. Samunnati Financial Intermediation & Services Private Limited (RE/SAMUNNATI) would ensure that information sought from the customer is relevant to the perceived risk, is not intrusive, and is in conformity with the guidelines issued in this regard. Any other information from the customer should be sought separately with his /her consent and after opening the account.

3. Definitions

3.1 "Aadhaar number" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (a) of section 2 of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 (18 of 2016);

3.2 "Act" and "Rules" means the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 and the Prevention of Money-Laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005, respectively and amendments thereto.

3.3 "Authentication", in the context of Aadhaar authentication, means the process as defined under sub-section (c) of section 2 of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016.



3.4 Beneficial Owner (BO) shall have the meaning as per table below:

Type of Customer	Persons to be considered Beneficial Owners (BOs)
Companies	a) A natural person who, whether acting alone or together, or through one or more juridical person, has/have an ownership of or entitlement to more than ten percent of shares or capital or profits of the company; or
	b) A natural person who whether acting alone or together, or through one or more juridical person, has/have an right to appoint majority of the directors or to control the management or policy decisions including by virtue of their shareholding or management rights or shareholders agreements or voting agreements; or
Partnership Firm	a) A natural person who, whether acting alone or together, or through one or more juridical person, has/have an ownership of/ entitlement to more than fifteen percent of capital or profits of the partnership; or
Unincorporated association of persons or body of individuals	a) A natural person who whether acting alone or together, or through one or more juridical person, has/have an ownership of/ entitlement to more than fifteen percent of property or capital or profits of such association or body of individuals; or
Trust/ Foundation	a) The Author of the trust; or
	b) The Trustees of the trust; or
	c) The Beneficiaries of the trust with ten percent or more interest in the trust; or
	d) A natural person exercising ultimate effective control over the trust through a chain of control or ownership

3.5 "Certified Copy" - Obtaining a certified copy shall mean comparing the copy of the proof of possession of Aadhaar number where offline verification cannot be carried out or officially valid document so produced by the customer with the original and recording the same on the copy by the authorised officer of SAMUNNATI.



Provided that in case of Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) and Persons of Indian Origin (PIOs), as defined in Foreign Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2016 {FEMA 5(R)}, alternatively, the original certified copy, certified by any one of the following, may be obtained:

- a) authorised officials of overseas branches of Scheduled Commercial Banks registered in India,
- b) branches of overseas banks with whom Indian banks have relationships,
- c) Notary Public abroad,
- d) Court Magistrate,
- e) Judge,
- f) Indian Embassy/Consulate General in the country where the non-resident customer resides.

3.6 "Certified Copy" of Aadhaar - Obtaining a certified copy by SAMUNNATI means comparing the copy of the proof of possession of Aadhaar number where offline verification cannot be carried out or officially valid document so produced by the customer with the original and recording the same on the copy by the authorised officer of the SAMUNNATI as per the provisions contained in the Act.

3.7 "Central KYC Records Registry" (CKYCR) means an entity defined under Rule 2(1) of the Rules, to receive, store, safeguard and retrieve the KYC records in digital form of a customer.

3.8 "Designated Director" means a person designated by SAMUNNATI to ensure overall compliance with the obligations imposed under chapter IV of the PML Act and the Rules. In case of SAMUNNATI, the Designated Director is Mr. N. Gurunath (Whole Time Director).

The Principal Officer should not be nominated as the "Designated Director".

3.9 "Digital KYC" means the capturing live photo of the customer and officially valid document or the proof of possession of Aadhaar, where offline verification cannot be carried out, along with the latitude and longitude of the location where such live photo is being taken by an authorised officer of the SAMUNNATI as per the provisions contained in the Act.

3.10 "Digital Signature" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (p) of subsection (1) of section (2) of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000).



3.11 "Equivalent e-document" means an electronic equivalent of a document, issued by the issuing authority of such document with its valid digital signature including documents issued to the digital locker account of the customer as per rule 9 of the Information Technology (Preservation and Retention of Information by Intermediaries Providing Digital Locker Facilities) Rules, 2016.

3.12 "Group" – The term "group" shall have the same meaning assigned to it in clause (e) of subsection (9) of section 286 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).

3.13 "Know Your Client (KYC) Identifier" means the unique number or code assigned to a customer by the Central KYC Records Registry.

3.14 "Non-profit organisations" (NPO) means any entity or organisation, constituted for religious or charitable purposes referred to in clause (15) of section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), that is registered as a trust or a society under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 or any similar State legislation or a company registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 "(18 of 2013).

3.15 Officially Valid Document" (OVD) means the passport, the driving licence, proof of possession of Aadhaar number, the Voter's Identity Card issued by the Election Commission of India, job card issued by NREGA duly signed by an officer of the State Government and letter issued by the National Population Register containing details of name and address.

3.16 "Offline verification" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (pa) of section 2 of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 (18 of 2016).

3.17 "Person" has the same meaning assigned in the Act and includes:

- a) an individual,
- b) a Hindu undivided family,
- c) a company,
- d) a firm,
- e) an association of persons or a body of individuals, whether incorporated or not,
- f) every artificial juridical person, not falling within any one of the above persons (a to e), and
- g) any agency, office or branch owned or controlled by any of the above persons (a to f).



3.18 "Principal Officer means an officer nominated by the RE, responsible for furnishing information as per rule 8 of the Rules." means officer nominated by the SAMUNNATI, responsible for furnishing information as per rule 8 of the Rules.

3.19 "Politically Exposed Persons" (PEPs) are individuals who are or have been entrusted with prominent public functions by a foreign country, including the Heads of States/Governments, senior politicians, senior government or judicial or military officers, senior executives of state-owned corporations and important political party officials.

3.20 "Senior Management" for the purpose of KYC compliance are following

1. Designated Director of SAMUNNATI

- 2. Principal officer of SAMUNNATI
- 3.21 "Suspicious transaction" means a "transaction" as defined below, including an attempted transaction, whether or not made in cash, which, to a person acting in good faith:

a. gives rise to a reasonable ground of suspicion that it may involve proceeds of an offence specified in the Schedule to the Act, regardless of the value involved; or

- b. appears to be made in circumstances of unusual or unjustified complexity; or
- c. appears to not have economic rationale or bona-fide purpose; or
- d. gives rise to a reasonable ground of suspicion that it may involve financing of the activities relating to terrorism.

Explanation: Transaction involving financing of the activities relating to terrorism includes transaction involving funds suspected to be linked or related to, or to be used for terrorism, terrorist acts or by a terrorist, terrorist organization or those who finance or are attempting to finance terrorism.

3.22 A 'Small Account' means a savings account which is opened in terms of sub-rule (5) of the PML Rules, 2005. Details of the operation of a small account and controls to be exercised for such account are specified in Section 23.



3.23 "Transaction" means a purchase, sale, loan, pledge, gift, transfer, delivery or the arrangement thereof and includes:

- a) opening of an account;
- b) deposit, withdrawal, exchange or transfer of funds in whatever currency, whether in cash or by cheque, payment order or other instruments or by electronic or other non-physical means; the use of a safety deposit box or any other form of safe deposit;
- c) entering into any fiduciary relationship;
- d) any payment made or received, in whole or in part, for any contractual or other legal obligation; or
- e) establishing or creating a legal person or legal arrangement.

3.24 "Video based Customer Identification Process (V-CIP)": an alternate method of customer identification with facial recognition and customer due diligence by an authorised official of the SAMUNNATI by undertaking seamless, secure, live, informed-consent based audio-visual interaction with the customer to obtain identification information required for CDD purpose, and to ascertain the veracity of the information furnished by the customer through independent verification and maintaining audit trail of the process. Such processes complying with prescribed standards and procedures shall be treated on par with face-to-face CIP for the purpose of this Master Direction.

3.25 Terms bearing meaning assigned in this Directions, unless the context otherwise requires, shall bear the meanings assigned to them below:

- a) "Common Reporting Standards" (CRS) means reporting standards set for implementation of multilateral agreement signed to automatically exchange information based on Article 6 of the Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters.
- b) "Customer" means a person who is engaged in a financial transaction or activity with SAMUNNATI and includes a person on whose behalf the person who is engaged in the transaction or activity, is acting.
- c) "Customer Due Diligence (CDD)" means identifying and verifying the customer and the beneficial owner.
- d) "Customer identification" means undertaking the process of CDD.
- e) "FATCA" means Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act of the United States of America (USA) which, inter alia, requires foreign financial institutions to report about financial accounts held



by U.S. taxpayers or foreign entities in which U.S. taxpayers hold a substantial ownership interest.

- f) "IGA" means Inter Governmental Agreement between the Governments of India and the USA to improve international tax compliance and to implement FATCA of the USA.
- g) "KYC Templates" means templates prepared to facilitate collating and reporting the KYC data to the CKYCR, for individuals and legal entities.
- h) "Non-face-to-face customers" means customers who open accounts without visiting the branch/offices of the SAMUNNATI or meeting the officials of SAMUNNATI.
- i) "On-going Due Diligence" means regular monitoring of transactions in accounts to ensure that they are consistent with the customers' profile and source of funds.
- j) Payable-through accounts: The term payable-through accounts refers to correspondent accounts that are used directly by third parties to transact business on their own behalf
- k) "Periodic Updation" means steps taken to ensure that documents, data or information collected under the CDD process is kept up-to-date and relevant by undertaking reviews of existing records at periodicity prescribed by the Reserve Bank.
- I) Shell Bank" means a bank that has no physical presence in the country in which it is incorporated and licensed, and which is unaffiliated with a regulated financial group that is subject to effective consolidated supervision. Physical presence means meaningful mind and management located within a country. The existence simply of a local agent or low-level staff does not constitute physical presence.

- 4. This policy shall include following four key elements:
 - 4.1 Customer Acceptance Policy;
 - 4.2 Risk Management;



- 4.3 Customer Identification Procedures (CIP); and
- 4.4 Monitoring of Transactions

5. Compliance of KYC policy

- (a) SAMUNNATI shall ensure compliance with KYC Policy through:
 - 1 Specifying as to who would constitute 'Senior Management' for the purpose of KYC compliance.
 - 2 Allocation of responsibility for effective implementation of SAMUNNATI policies and procedures.
 - 3 Independent evaluation of the compliance functions of SAMUNNATI' policies and procedures, including legal and regulatory requirements.
 - 4 Concurrent/internal audit systems to verify the compliance with KYC/AML policies and procedures.
 - 5 Submission of quarterly audit notes and compliance observations to the Audit Committee.

(b) SAMUNNATI shall ensure that decision-making functions with regards to determining compliance with KYC norms are not outsourced.

5A. Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing Risk Assessment by SAMUNNATI:

(a) SAMUNNATI shall carry out 'Money Laundering (ML) and Terrorist Financing (TF) Risk Assessment' exercise periodically to identify, assess and take effective measures to mitigate its money laundering and terrorist financing risk for clients, countries or geographic areas, products, services, transactions or delivery channels, etc.

The assessment process shall consider all the relevant risk factors before determining the level of overall risk and the appropriate level and type of mitigation to be applied. While preparing the internal risk assessment, SAMUNNATI shall take cognizance of the overall sector-specific vulnerabilities, if any, that the regulator/supervisor may share with SAMUNNATI from time to time.

(b) The risk assessment by the SAMUNNATI shall be properly documented and be proportionate to the nature, size, geographical presence, complexity of activities/structure, etc. of the SAMUNNATI. Further,



the periodicity of risk assessment exercise shall be determined by the Board of the SAMUNNATI, in alignment with the outcome of the risk assessment exercise. However, it should be reviewed at least annually.

(c) The outcome of the exercise shall be put up to the Board or any committee of the Board to which power in this regard has been delegated and shall be available to competent authorities and selfregulating bodies.

SAMUNNATI shall apply a Risk Based Approach (RBA) for mitigation and management of the identified risk and has Board approved policies, controls and procedures in this regard. Further, SAMUNNATI shall monitor the implementation of the controls and enhance them if necessary.

6. Customer Acceptance Policy

SAMUNNATI shall ensure that:

a. No account is opened in anonymous or fictitious/benami name.

b. No account is opened where the SAMUNNATI is unable to apply appropriate CDD measures, either due to non-cooperation of the customer or non-reliability of the documents/information furnished by the customer.

c. No transaction or account-based relationship is undertaken without following the CDD procedure.

d. The mandatory information to be sought for KYC purpose while opening an account and during the periodic updation, is specified.

e. 'Optional'/additional information, where such information requirement has not been specified in the internal KYC Policy of Samunnati , is obtained with the explicit consent of the customer after the account is opened.

f. SAMUNNATI shall apply the CDD procedure at the UCIC (Unique Customer Identification Code) level. Thus, if an existing KYC compliant customer of a SAMUNNATI desires to open another account, there shall not be a requirement to undertake a fresh CDD exercise.

g. CDD Procedure is followed for all the joint account holders, while opening a joint account.

h. Circumstances in which, a customer is permitted to act on behalf of another person/entity, is



clearly spelt out.

i. Suitable systems are put in place to ensure that the identity of the customer do not match with any person/s or entity/ies, whose name appears in the sanctions lists circulated by Reserve Bank of India indicated in para 18 to 21 of this policy.

j. Where Permanent Account Number (PAN) is obtained, the same shall be verified from the verification facility of the issuing authority.

k. Where an equivalent e-document is obtained from the customer, SAMUNNATI shall verify the digital signature as per the provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000).

I. Where Goods and Services Tax (GST) details are available, the GST number shall be verified from the search/verification facility of the issuing authority.

Where Samunnati forms a suspicion of money laundering or terrorist financing, and it reasonably believes that performing the CDD process will tip-off the customer, it shall not pursue the CDD process, and instead file an STR with FIU-IND.

7. Risk Management –

For Risk Management, SAMUNNATI shall have a risk-based approach which includes the following.

- a. Customers shall be categorised as low, medium and high-risk category, based on the assessment and risk perception of the SAMUNNATI.
- b. Broad principles may be laid down by Samunnati for risk-categorisation of customers
- c. Risk categorisation shall be undertaken based on parameters such as customer's identity, social/financial status, nature of business activity, and information about the clients' business and their location, geographical risk covering customers as well as transactions, type of products/services offered, delivery channel used for delivery of products/services, types of transaction undertaken cash, cheque/monetary instruments, wire transfers, forex transactions, etc. While considering customer's identity, the ability to confirm identity documents through online or other services offered by issuing authorities may also be factored in.



d. The risk categorisation of a customer and the specific reasons for such categorisation shall be kept confidential and shall not be revealed to the customer to avoid tipping off the customer.

Provided that various other information collected from different categories of customers relating to the perceived risk, is non-intrusive and the same is specified in the KYC policy.

Explanation: FATF Public Statement, the reports and guidance notes on KYC/AML issued by the Indian Banks Association (IBA), and other agencies, etc,., may also be used in risk assessment.

8. Customer Identification Procedure (CIP)

SAMUNNATI shall undertake identification of customers in the following cases:

- a. Commencement of an account-based relationship with the customer.
- b. When there is a doubt about the authenticity or adequacy of the customer identification data it has obtained.
- c. Selling third party products as agents, selling their own products, payment of dues of credit cards/sale and reloading of prepaid/travel cards and any other product for more than rupees fifty thousand.
- d. When SAMUNNATI has reason to believe that a customer is intentionally structuring a transaction into a series of transactions below the threshold of rupees fifty thousand.

For the purpose of verifying the identity of customers at the time of commencement of an account-based relationship, SAMUNNATI, shall at their option, rely on customer due diligence done by a third party, subject to the following conditions:

(a) Records or the information of the customer due diligence carried out by the third party is obtained within two days from the third party or from the Central KYC Records Registry.

(b) Adequate steps are taken by SAMUNNATI to satisfy themselves that copies of identification data and other relevant documentation relating to the customer due diligence requirements shall be made available from the third party upon request without delay.



(c) The third party is regulated, supervised or monitored for, and has measures in place for, compliance with customer due diligence and record-keeping requirements in line with the requirements and obligations under the PML Act.

(d) The third party shall not be based in a country or jurisdiction assessed as high risk.

(e) The ultimate responsibility for customer due diligence and undertaking enhanced due diligence measures, as applicable, will be with the SAMUNNATI.

9. Customer Due Diligence (CDD) Procedure:

Nature of customer	List of applicable documents
Individual	The Company shall obtain the following from an individual while establishing an account-based relationship or while dealing with the individual who is a beneficial owner, authorised signatory or the power of attorney holder related to any legal entity:
	 a) the Aadhaar number where, i. He/ she is desirous of receiving any benefit or subsidy under any scheme notified under section 7 of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 (18 of 2016); or ii. He/ she decides to submit his/ her Aadhaar number voluntarily or b) proof of possession of Aadhaar number where offline verification can be carried out; or c) the proof of possession of Aadhaar number where offline verification cannot be carried out or any OVD or the equivalent e-document thereof containing the details of his identity and address; or
	 d) the KYC Identifier with an explicit consent to download records from CKYCR; and; and e) the Permanent Account Number (PAN) or Form no.60; and
	f) such other documents as specified by the Company from time to time.

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	Provided that:
	 where the customer submits his proof of possession of Aadhaar number as an OVD, he may submit it in such form as are issued by the UIDAI. Where the OVD furnished by the customer does not have updated address, the following documents shall be deemed to be OVDs for the limited purpose of proof of address: utility bill which is not more than two months old of any service provider (electricity, telephone, post-paid mobile phone, piped gas, water bill); property or Municipal tax receipt; pension or family pension payment orders (PPOs) issued to retired employees by Government Departments or Public Sector Undertakings, if they contain the address; letter of allotment of accommodation from employer issued by State Govt. or Central Govt. Departments, statutory or regulatory bodies, public sector undertakings, scheduled commercial banks, financial institutions and listed companies and leave and licence agreements with such employers allotting official accommodation; the customer shall submit OVD with current address within a period of three months of submitting the documents specified at '(2)' above where the OVD presented by a foreign national does not contain the details of address, in such case the documents issued by the Government departments of foreign jurisdictions and letter issued by the Foreign Embassy or Mission in India shall be accepted as proof of address.
Sole Proprietary firms	 Government or Gazette notification, indicating such a change of name. 1) Customer due diligence of the individual proprietor shall be carried out as applicable specified
	for Individual.

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 2) In addition to the above, any two of the following documents or the equivalent e-documents of the proprietary firm shall also be obtain a) Registration certificate including Udyam Registration Certificate (URC) issued b Government
a) Registration certificate including Udyam Registration Certificate (URC) issued b
b) Certificate/licence issued by the municipal authorities under Shop and
c) Establishment Act.
d) Sales and income tax returns.
e) CST/VAT/ GST certificate (provisional/final).
f) Certificate/registration document issued by Sales Tax/Service
g) Tax/Professional Tax authorities.
h) IEC (Importer Exporter Code) issued to the proprietary concern by the office of DGF
Licence/certificate of practice issued in the name of the proprietary concern by
professional body incorporated under a statute.
i) Complete Income Tax Return (not just the acknowledgement) in the name of \ the
proprietor where the firm's income is reflected, duly authenticated/acknowledge
the Income Tax authorities.
j) Utility bills such as electricity, water, landline telephone bills, etc.
Explanation: In cases where the SAMUNNATI is satisfied that it is not possible to furnish two
documents, the SAMUNNATI may, at its discretion, accept only one of those documents as p
of business/activity after recording the appropriate reason for accepting one document.
Provided SAMUNNATI shall undertake contact point verification and collect such c
information and clarification as would be required to establish the existence of such firm,
shall confirm and satisfy itself that the business activity has been verified from the address o
proprietary concern
Company Certified copies of each of the following documents or the equivalent e-documents thereof sh be obtained:
a) Certificate of incorporation
b) Memorandum and Articles of Association
c) Permanent Account Number of the company



	d) A resolution from the Board of Directors and power of attorney granted to its managers,
	officers or employees to transact on its behalf
	e) Documents, as specified for Individual, relating to beneficial owner, the managers,
	officers or employees, as the case may be, holding an attorney to transact on the
	company's behalf
	f) the names of the relevant persons holding senior management position; and
	g) the registered office and the principal place of its business, if it is different.
Partnership Firm	Certified copies of each of the following documents or the equivalent e-documents thereof shal be obtained:
	a) Registration certificate
	b) Partnership deed
	c) Permanent Account Number of the partnership firm
	d) Documents, as specified for Individual, relating to beneficial owner, managers, officers
	or employees, as the case may be, holding an attorney to transact on its behalf.
	e) the names of all the partners and
	f) address of the registered office, and the principal place of its business, if it is different.
Trust	Certified copies of each of the following documents or the equivalent e-documents thereof shal be obtained:
	a) Registration certificate
	b) Trust deed
	c) Permanent Account Number or Form No.60 of the trust
	d) Documents, as specified for Individual, relating to beneficial owner,
	e) managers, officers or employees, as the case may be, holding an attorney to
	f) transact on its behalf
	g) the names of the beneficiaries, trustees, settlor and authors of the trust
	h) the address of the registered office of the trust; and
	 i) list of trustees and documents, as specified under Customer Due Diligence for individuals, for those discharging the role as trustee and authorised to transact on behal of the trust.



Unincorporated	Certified copies of each of the following documents or the equivalent e-documents thereof shall
Association or a Body	be obtained:
of Individuals	
of manualais	a. Resolution of the managing body of such association or body of individuals
	b. Permanent Account Number or Form No. 60 of the unincorporated association or a body of
	individuals
	c. Power of attorney granted to transact on its behalf
	d. Documents, as specified for Individual, relating to beneficial owner, managers, officers or employees, as the case may be, holding an attorney to transact on its behalf and
	e. Such information as may be required by the Company to collectively
	Explanation:
	 Unregistered trusts/partnership firms shall be included under the term 'unincorporated association'.
	II. Term 'body of individuals' includes societies.
a juridical person (not	Certified copies of the or the equivalent e-document of following documents shall be obtained:
specifically covered in	
the earlier part) such as	a) Document showing name of the person authorised to act on behalf of the entity;
societies, universities	b) Documents, as specified for Individual, of the person holding an attorney to transact on its
and local bodies like	behalf and
village panchayats, etc.,	c) Such documents as may be required by the Company to establish the legal existence of such an entity/juridical person.
or who purports to act	
on behalf of such	
juridical person or	
individual or trust	



Provided that where the customer has submitted,

i) Aadhaar number under clause (b) above to SAMUNNATI notified under first proviso to sub-section (1) of section 11A of the PML Act, SAMUNNATI shall carry out authentication of the customer's Aadhaar number using e-KYC authentication facility provided by the Unique Identification Authority of India. Further, in such a case, if customer wants to provide a current address, different from the address as per the identity information available in the Central Identifies Data Repository, he may give a self-declaration to that effect to SAMUNNATI.

ii) proof of possession of Aadhaar under clause (c) above where offline verification can be carried out, the SAMUNNATI shall carry out offline verification.

iii) an equivalent e-document of any OVD, SAMUNNATI shall verify the digital signature as per the provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000) and any rules issues thereunder and take a live photo as specified under Annex V.

iv) any OVD or proof of possession of Aadhaar number under clause (d) above where offline verification cannot be carried out, SAMUNNATI shall carry out verification through digital KYC as specified under Annex IV.

v) KYC Identifier under clause (d) above as part of document to be submitted by Individuals, the Samunnati shall retrieve the KYC records online from the CKYCR in accordance with Section 56

Provided that for a period not beyond such date as may be notified by the Government, instead of carrying out digital KYC, SAMUNNATI may obtain a certified copy of the proof of possession of Aadhaar number or the OVD and a recent photograph where an equivalent e-document is not submitted.

Provided further that in case e-KYC authentication cannot be performed for an individual desirous of receiving any benefit or subsidy under any scheme notified under section 7 of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 owing to injury, illness or infirmity on account of old age or otherwise, and similar causes, SAMUNNATI shall, apart from obtaining the Aadhaar number, perform identification preferably by carrying out offline verification or alternatively by obtaining the certified copy of any other OVD or the equivalent e-document thereof from the customer. CDD done in this manner shall invariably be carried out by an official of the SAMUNNATI and such



exception handling shall also be a part of the concurrent audit as mandated in Section 8. SAMUNNATI shall ensure to duly record the cases of exception handling in a centralised exception database. The database shall contain the details of grounds of granting exception, customer details, name of the designated official authorising the exception and additional details, if any. The database shall be subjected to periodic internal audit/inspection by SAMUNNATI and shall be available for supervisory review.

Explanation 1: SAMUNNATI shall, where its customer submits a proof of possession of Aadhaar Number containing Aadhaar Number, ensure that such customer redacts or blacks out his Aadhaar number through appropriate means where the authentication of Aadhaar number is not required as per proviso (i) above.

Explanation 2: Biometric based e-KYC authentication can be done by bank official/business correspondents/business facilitators.

Explanation 3: The use of Aadhaar, proof of possession of Aadhaar etc., shall be in accordance with the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 and the regulations made thereunder.

Accounts opened using Aadhar OTP based e-KYC, in non-face-to-face mode, are subject to the following conditions:

- i. There must be a specific consent from the customer for authentication through OTP.
- ii. As a risk-mitigating measure for such accounts, Samunnati shall ensure that transaction alerts, OTP, etc., are sent only to the mobile number of the customer registered with Aadhaar. Samunnati shall have a board approved policy delineating a robust process of due diligence for dealing with requests for change of mobile number in such accounts
- As regards borrowal accounts, only term loans shall be sanctioned. The aggregate amount of term loans sanctioned shall not exceed rupees sixty thousand in a year.
- iv. Accounts, both deposit and borrowal, opened using OTP based e-KYC shall not be allowed for more than one year within which identification as per para 9 is to be carried out.
- v. If the CDD procedure as mentioned above is not completed within a year, in respect of borrowal accounts no further debits shall be allowed.
- vi. A declaration shall be obtained from the customer to the effect that no other account has been opened nor will be opened using OTP based KYC in non-face-to-face mode with any other Samunnati. Further, while uploading KYC information to CKYCR, SAMUNNATI shall clearly indicate



that such accounts are opened using OTP based e-KYC and other Samunnati shall not open accounts based on the KYC information of accounts opened with OTP based e-KYC procedure in non-face-to-face mode.

vii. SAMUNNATI shall have strict monitoring procedures including systems to generate alerts in case of any non-compliance/violation, to ensure compliance with the above-mentioned conditions.

9B. SAMUNNATI may undertake live V-CIP as provided in Annexure V

10. Principal Officer

SAMUNNATI should appoint a senior management officer to be designated as Principal Officer and the role and responsibilities of the Principal Officer have been detailed therein. With a view to enable the Principal Officer to discharge his responsibilities, the Principal Officer and other appropriate staff should have timely access to customer identification data and other CDD information, transaction records and other relevant information. Further, SAMUNNATI should ensure that the Principal Officer is able to act independently and report directly to the senior management or to the Board of Directors. The role and responsibilities of the Principal Officer should include overseeing and ensuring overall compliance with regulatory guidelines on KYC/AML/CFT issued from time to time and obligations under the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, rules and regulations made thereunder, as amended from time to time. The Principal Officer for SAMUNNATI is Mr. Ramakrishnan CS (Group Head– Internal Control).

11. Identification of Beneficial Owner

For opening an account of a Legal Person who is not a natural person, the beneficial owner(s) shall be identified and all reasonable steps in terms of Rule 9(3) of the Prevention of Money-laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005 to verify his/her identity shall be undertaken keeping in view the following:

- (a) Where the customer or the owner of the controlling interest is (i) an entity listed on a stock exchange in India, or (ii) it is an entity resident in jurisdictions notified by the Central Government and listed on stock exchanges in such jurisdictions, or (iii) it is a subsidiary of such listed entities, it is not necessary to identify and verify the identity of any shareholder or beneficial owner of such companies.
- (b) In cases of trust/nominee or fiduciary accounts whether the customer is acting on behalf of another person as trustee/nominee or any other intermediary is determined. In such cases, satisfactory evidence of the



identity of the intermediaries and of the persons on whose behalf they are acting, as also details of the nature of the trust or other arrangements in place shall be obtained.

12. On-going Due Diligence

- SAMUNNATI shall undertake on-going due diligence of customers to ensure that their transactions are consistent with their knowledge about the customers, customers' business and risk profile; and the source of funds.
- ii. Without prejudice to the generality of factors that call for close monitoring, Transactions which exceed the thresholds prescribed for specific categories of accounts shall necessarily be monitored

For ongoing due diligence, Samunnati may consider adopting appropriate innovations including artificial intelligence and machine learning (AI & ML) technologies to support effective monitoring.

iii. The extent of monitoring shall be aligned with the risk category of the customer.

Explanation: High risk accounts have to be subjected to more intensified monitoring.

- a. A system of periodic review of risk categorisation of accounts, with such periodicity being at least once in six months, and the need for applying enhanced due diligence measures shall be put in place.
- b. The transactions in accounts of marketing firms, especially accounts of Multi-level Marketing (MLM) Companies shall be closely monitored.

Explanation: small deposits (generally in cash) across the country in one Loan account, shall be immediately reported to Reserve Bank of India and other appropriate authorities such as FIU-IND.

13. Updation/ Periodic Periodic Updation of KYC

SAMUNNATI shall adopt a risk-based approach for periodic updation of KYC. However, Periodic Updation of KYC shall be carried out at least once in every two years for high-risk customers, once in every eight years for medium risk customers and once in every ten years for low-risk customers from the date of opening the account/last KYC updation (indicative list of High Risk and Medium Risk Custom given in Annex-II):).



Individual	a) No change in KYC information:
Customers	
	In case of no change in the KYC information, a self-declaration from the customer in this regard
	shall be obtained through customer's email-id registered with the SAMUNNATI, customer's
	mobile number registered with the SAMUNNATI, ATMs, digital channels (such as online banking
	/ internet banking, mobile application of SAMUNNATI), letter etc.
	b) Change in address:
	In case of a change only in the address details of the customer, a self-declaration of the new
	address shall be obtained from the customer through customer's email-id registered with the
	SAMUNNATI, customer's mobile number registered with the SAMUNNATI, ATMs, digital channels
	(such as online banking / internet banking, mobile application of SAMUNNATI), letter etc., and
	the declared address shall be verified through positive confirmation within two months, by means
	such as address verification letter, contact point verification, deliverables etc.
	Further, SAMUNNATI, at their option, may obtain a copy of OVD or deemed OVD or the
	equivalent e-documents thereof, as defined in Section 3(a)(xiii), for the purpose of proof of
	address, declared by the customer at the time of periodic updation. Such requirement, however,
	shall be clearly specified by the SAMUNNATI in their internal KYC policy duly approved by the
	Board of Directors of SAMUNNATI or any committee of the Board to which power has been
	delegated.
	c) Accounts of customers, who were minor at the time of opening account, on their
	becoming major:
	In case of customers for whom account was opened when they were minor, fresh photographs
	shall be obtained on their becoming a major and at that time it shall be ensured that CDD
	documents as per the current CDD standards are available with the SAMUNNATI. Wherever
	required, SAMUNNATI may carry out fresh KYC of such customers i.e. customers for whom
	account was opened when they were minor, on their becoming a major.
	d) Aadhaar OTP based e-KYC in non-face to face mode may be used for periodic updation. To
	clarify, conditions stipulated for opening an account using Aadhar OTP based E-KYC are not
	applicable in case of updation / periodic updation of KYC through Aadhaar OTP based e-KYC
	in non-face to face mode.



	Declaration of current address, if the current address is different from the address in Aadhaar
	shall not require positive confirmation in this case. Samunnati shall ensure that the mobile numbe
	for Aadhaar authentication is same as the one available with them in the customer's profile, i
	order to prevent any fraud.
Customers othe	r a) No change in KYC information:
than individuals	
	In case of no change in the KYC information of the LE customer, a self-declaration in this regard
	shall be obtained from the LE customer through its email id registered with the SAMUNNAT
	ATMs, digital channels (such as online banking / internet banking, mobile application of
	SAMUNNATI), letter from an official authorized by the LE in this regard, board resolution etc
	Further, SAMUNNATI shall ensure during this process that Beneficial Ownership (BO) informatio
	available with them is accurate and shall update the same, if required, to keep it as up-to-dat
	as possible.
	b) Change in KYC information:
	In case of change in KYC information, SAMUNNATI shall undertake the KYC process equivalent t
	that applicable for on-boarding a new LE customer.
Additional	In addition to the above, SAMUNNATI shall ensure that,
measures	The KYC documents of the customer as per the current CDD standards are available with them
	This is applicable even if there is no change in customer information but the documents availabl
	with the SAMUNNATI are not as per the current CDD standards. Further, in case the validity of th
	CDD documents available with the SAMUNNATI has expired at the time of periodic updation c
	KYC, SAMUNNATI shall undertake the KYC process equivalent to that applicable for on- boardin
	a new customer.
	Customer's PAN details, if available with the SAMUNNATI, is verified from the database of th
	issuing authority at the time of periodic updation of KYC.
	Acknowledgment is provided to the customer mentioning the date of receipt of the relevant
	document(s), including self-declaration from the customer, for carrying out periodic updation
	Further, it shall be ensured that the information / documents obtained from the customers a
	the time of periodic updation of KYC are promptly updated in the records / database of th



SAMUNNATI and an intimation, mentioning the date of updation of KYC details, is provided to the customer.
In order to ensure customer convenience, SAMUNNATI may consider making available the facility of periodic updation of KYC at any branch, in terms of their internal KYC policy duly approved by the Board of Directors of or any committee of the Board to which power has been delegated.
SAMUNNATI shall adopt a risk-based approach with respect to periodic updation of KYC. SAMUNNATI shall be clearly specified in the internal KYC policy duly approved by the Board of Directors of SAMUNNATI or any committee of the Board to which power has been delegated.
Samunnati shall advise the customers that in order to comply with the PML Rules, in case of any update in the documents submitted by the customer at the time of establishment of business relationship / account-based relationship and thereafter, as necessary; customers shall submit to the Samunnati the update of such documents. This shall be done within 30 days of the update
to the documents for the purpose of updating the records at Samunnati end

In case of existing customers, SAMUNNATI shall obtain the Permanent Account Number or equivalent edocument thereof or Form No.60, by such date as may be notified by the Central Government, failing which SAMUNNATI shall temporarily cease operations in the account till the time the Permanent Account Number or equivalent e-documents thereof or Form No. 60 is submitted by the customer.

Provided that before temporarily ceasing operations for an account, the SAMUNNATI shall give the customer an accessible notice and a reasonable opportunity to be heard. However, customers who are unable to provide Permanent Account Number or equivalent e-document thereof or Form No. 60 owing to injury, illness or infirmity on account of old age or otherwise, and such like causes. Such accounts shall, however, be subject to enhanced monitoring.

Provided further that if a customer having an existing account-based relationship with SAMUNNATI gives in writing that he does not want to submit his Permanent Account Number or equivalent e-document thereof or Form No.60, SAMUNNATI shall close the account and all obligations due in relation to the



account shall be appropriately settled after establishing the identity of the customer by obtaining the identification documents as applicable to the customer.

Explanation – For the purpose of this Section, "temporary ceasing of operations" in relation an account shall mean the temporary suspension of all transactions or activities in relation to that account by the SAMUNNATI till such time the customer complies with the provisions of this Section. In case of asset accounts such as loan accounts, for the purpose of ceasing the operation in the account, only credits shall be allowed.

14. Enhanced Due Diligence Procedure

I. Enhanced Due Diligence (EDD) for non-face-to-face customer onboarding (other than customer onboarding in terms of Section 17):

Non-face-to-face onboarding facilitates the Samunnati to establish relationship with the customer without meeting the customer physically or through V-CIP. Such non-face-to-face modes for the purpose of this Section includes use of digital channels such as CKYCR, DigiLocker, equivalent e-document, etc., and non-digital modes such as obtaining copy of OVD certified by additional certifying authorities as allowed for NRIs and PIOs. Following EDD measures shall be undertaken by Samunnati for non-face-to-face customer onboarding (other than customer onboarding in terms of Section 17):

a) In case Samunnati has introduced the process of V-CIP, the same shall be provided as the first option to the customer for remote onboarding. It is reiterated that processes complying with prescribed standards and procedures for V-CIP shall be treated on par with face-to-face CIP for the purpose of this Master Direction.

b) In order to prevent frauds, alternate mobile numbers shall not be linked post CDD with such accounts for transaction OTP, transaction updates, etc. Transactions shall be permitted only from the mobile number used for account opening. Samunnati shall have a Board approved policy delineating a robust process of due diligence for dealing with requests for change of registered mobile number.

c) Apart from obtaining the current address proof, Samunnati shall verify the current address through positive confirmation before allowing operations in the account. Positive confirmation may be carried out by means such as address verification letter, contact point verification, deliverables, etc.

d) Samunnati shall obtain PAN from the customer and the PAN shall be verified from the verification facility of the issuing authority.

- e) First transaction in such accounts shall be a credit from existing KYC-complied bank account of the customer.
- f) Such customers shall be categorized as high-risk customers and accounts opened in non-face to face mode shall be subjected to enhanced monitoring until the identity of the customer is verified in face-to-face manner or through V-CIP.
- II. Accounts of Politically Exposed Persons (PEPs)



SAMUNNATI shall have the option of establishing a relationship with PEPs subject to the Approval of Designated Director (Refer Section 3.18) provided that:

- a. sufficient information including information about the sources of funds accounts of family members and close relatives is gathered on the PEP;
- b. the identity of the person shall have been verified before accepting the PEP as a customer;
- c. the decision to open an account for a PEP is taken at a senior level in accordance with the SAMUNNATI' Customer Acceptance Policy;
- d. all such accounts are subjected to enhanced monitoring on an on-going basis;
- e. in the event of an existing customer or the beneficial owner of an existing account subsequently becoming a PEP, senior management's approval is obtained to continue the business relationship;
- f. the CDD measures as applicable to PEPs including enhanced monitoring on an on-going basis are applicable.

15. Simplified Due Diligence:

I. Simplified norms for Self Help Groups (SHGs)

- a. CDD as per the CDD procedure mentioned in Point 9 of CCD Procedure of all the office bearers shall be done.
- b. CDD as per the CDD procedure mentioned in Point 9 CDD Procedure of the members of SHG may be undertaken at the time of credit linking of SHGs.
- c. CDD of all the members of SHG may be undertaken at the time of credit linking of SHGs.

16. Record Management

The following steps shall be taken regarding maintenance, preservation and reporting of customer account information, with reference to provisions of PML Act and Rules. SAMUNNATI shall,

- (1) maintain all necessary records of transactions between SAMUNNATI and the customer, both domestic and international, for at least five years from the date of transaction;
- (2) preserve the records pertaining to the identification of the customers and their addresses obtained



while opening the account and during the course of business relationship, for at least five years after the business relationship is ended;

- (3) make available swiftly, the identification records and transaction data to the competent authorities upon request;
- (4) introduce a system of maintaining proper record of transactions prescribed under Rule 3 of Prevention of Money Laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005 (PML Rules, 2005)
- (5) maintain all necessary information in respect of transactions prescribed under PML Rule 3 as given above so as to permit reconstruction of individual transaction, including the following:
 - a. the nature of the transactions;
 - b. the amount of the transaction and the currency in which it was denominated;
 - c. the date on which the transaction was conducted; and
 - d. the parties to the transaction.
- (6) evolve a system for proper maintenance and preservation of account information in a manner that allows data to be retrieved easily and quickly whenever required or when requested by the competent authorities;
- (7) maintain records of the identity and address of their customer, and records in respect of transactions referred to in Rule 3 in hard or soft format.

Explanation. – For the purpose of this Section, the expressions "records pertaining to the identification", "identification records", etc., shall include updated records of the identification data, account files, business correspondence and results of any analysis undertaken.

46A. Samunnati shall ensure that in case of customers who are non-profit organisations, the details of such customers are registered on the DARPAN Portal of NITI Aayog. If the same are not registered, Samunnati shall register the details on the DARPAN Portal. Samunnati shall also maintain such registration records for a period of five years after the business relationship between the customer and Samunnati has ended or the account has been closed, whichever is later.

<u>V-CIP Records and Data Management</u>



- The entire data and recordings of V-CIP shall be stored in a system / systems located in India. shall SAMUNNATI shall ensure that the video recording is stored in a safe and secure manner and bears the date and time stamp that affords easy historical data search. The extant instructions on record management, as stipulated in this MD, shall also be applicable for V-CIP.
- 2. The activity log along with the credentials of the official performing the V-CIP shall be preserved.

17. Reporting Requirements to Financial Intelligence Unit – India

SAMUNNATI shall furnish to the Director, Financial Intelligence Unit-India (FIU-IND), information referred to in Rule 3 of the PML (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005 in terms of Rule 7 thereof.

Explanation: In terms of Third Amendment Rules notified September 22, 2015 regarding amendment to sub rule 3 and 4 of rule 7, Director, FIU-IND shall have powers to issue guidelines to the SAMUNNATI for detecting transactions referred to in various clauses of sub-rule (1) of rule 3, to direct them about the form of furnishing information and to specify the procedure and the manner of furnishing information.

While furnishing information to the Director, FIU-IND, delay of each day in not reporting a transaction or delay of each day in rectifying a mis-represented transaction beyond the time limit as specified in the Rule shall be constituted as a separate violation. SAMUNNATI shall not put any restriction on operations in the accounts where an STR has been filed. SAMUNNATI shall keep the fact of furnishing of STR strictly confidential. It shall be ensured that there is no tipping off to the customer at any level.

18. Obligations under the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) (UAPA) Act, 1967:

SAMUNNATI shall ensure that in terms of Section 51A of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) (UAPA) Act, 1967 and amendments thereto, SAMUNNATI do not have any account in the name of individuals/entities appearing in the lists of individuals and entities, suspected of having terrorist links, which are approved by and periodically circulated by the United Nations Security Council (UNSC).

(a) The **"ISIL (Da'esh) & Al-Qaida Sanctions List"**, which includes names of individuals and entities associated with the Al-Qaida. The updated ISIL & Al-Qaida Sanctions List is available at



https://scsanctions.un.org/fop/fop?xml=htdocs/resources/xml/en/consolidated.xml&xslt=htdocs/resources/xsl/en/al-qaida-r.xsl

(b) **The "1988 Sanctions List"**, consisting of individuals (Section A of the consolidated list) and entities (Section B) associated with the Taliban which is available at

https://scsanctions.un.org/fop/fop?xml=htdocs/resources/xml/en/consolidated.xml&xslt=htdocs/resources/xsl/en/taliban-r.xsl.

Samunnati shall also ensure to refer to the lists as available in the Schedules to the Prevention and Suppression of Terrorism (Implementation of Security Council Resolutions) Order, 2007, as amended from time to time. The aforementioned lists, i.e., UNSC Sanctions Lists and lists as available in the Schedules to the Prevention and Suppression of Terrorism (Implementation of Security Council Resolutions) Order, 2007, as amended from time to time, shall be verified on daily basis and any modifications to the lists in terms of additions, deletions or other changes shall be taken into account by the Samunnati for meticulous compliance.

I. Details of accounts resembling any of the individuals/entities in the lists shall be reported to FIU-IND apart from advising Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) as required under UAPA notification dated February 2, 2021 (Annexure I).

In addition to the above, other UNSCRs circulated by the Reserve Bank in respect of any other jurisdictions/ entities from time to time shall also be taken note of.

19. Freezing of Assets under Section 51A of Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967

The procedure laid down in the UAPA Order dated February 2, 2021(Annex I) shall be strictly followed and meticulous compliance with the Order issued by the Government shall be ensured. The list of Nodal Officers for UAPA is available on the website of Ministry of Home Affairs.



20. Obligations under Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD) and their Delivery Systems (Prohibition of Unlawful Activities) Act, 2005 (WMD Act, 2005):

(a) Samunnati shall ensure meticulous compliance with the "Procedure for Implementation of Section 12A of the Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD) and their Delivery Systems (Prohibition of Unlawful Activities) Act, 2005" laid down in terms of Section 12A of the WMD Act, 2005 vide Order dated January 30, 2023, by the Ministry of Finance, Government of India (<u>Annex III</u> of the Master Direction on KYC).

(b) In accordance with paragraph 3 of the aforementioned Order, Samunnati shall ensure not to carry out transactions in case the particulars of the individual / entity match with the particulars in the designated list.

(c) Further, Samunnati shall run a check, on the given parameters, at the time of establishing a relation with a customer and on a periodic basis to verify whether individuals and entities in the designated list are holding any funds, financial asset, etc., in the form of bank account, etc.

(d) In case of match in the above cases, Samunnati shall immediately inform the transaction details with full particulars of the funds, financial assets or economic resources involved to the Central Nodal Officer (CNO), designated as the authority to exercise powers under Section 12A of the WMD Act, 2005. A copy of the communication shall be sent to State Nodal Officer, where the account / transaction is held and to the RBI. Samunnati shall file an STR with FIU-IND covering all transactions in the accounts, covered above, carried through or attempted.

It may be noted that in terms of Paragraph 1 of the Order, Director, FIU-India has been designated as the CNO.

(e) Samunnati may refer to the designated list, as amended from time to time, available on the portal of FIU-India.

(f) In case there are reasons to believe beyond doubt that funds or assets held by a customer would fall under the purview of clause (a) or (b) of sub-section (2) of Section 12A of the WMD Act, 2005, Samunnati shall prevent such individual/entity from conducting financial transactions, under intimation to the CNO by email, FAX and by post, without delay.

(g) In case an order to freeze assets under Section 12A is received by the Samunnati from the CNO, Samunnati shall, without delay, take necessary action to comply with the Order.

(h) The process of unfreezing of funds, etc., shall be observed as per paragraph 7 of the Order. Accordingly, copy of application received from an individual/entity regarding unfreezing shall be



forwarded by Samunnati along with full details of the asset frozen, as given by the applicant, to the CNO by email, FAX and by post, within two working days.

Samunnati shall verify every day, the 'UNSCR 1718 Sanctions List of Designated Individuals and Entities', as available at https://www.mea.gov.in/Implementation-of-UNSC-Sanctions-DPRK.htm, to take into account any modifications to the list in terms of additions, deletions or other changes and also ensure compliance with the 'Implementation of Security Council Resolution on Democratic People's Republic of Korea Order, 2017', as amended from time to time by the Central Government.

In addition to the above, Samunnati shall take into account – (a) other UNSCRs and (b) lists in the first schedule and the fourth schedule of UAPA, 1967 and any amendments to the same for compliance with the Government orders on implementation of Section 51A of the UAPA and Section 12A of the WMD Act.

21. Jurisdictions that do not or insufficiently apply the FATF Recommendations

FATF Statements circulated by Reserve Bank of India from time to time, and publicly available information, for identifying countries, which do not or insufficiently apply the FATF Recommendations, shall be considered. Risks arising from the deficiencies in AML/CFT regime of the jurisdictions included in the FATF Statement shall be taken into account.

Special attention shall be given to business relationships and transactions with persons (including legal persons and other financial institutions) from or in countries that do not or insufficiently apply the FATF Recommendations and jurisdictions included in FATF Statements.

Explanation: The processes referred to in (a) & (b) above do not preclude SAMUNNATI from having legitimate trade and business transactions with the countries and jurisdictions mentioned in the FATF statement.

The background and purpose of transactions with persons (including legal persons and other financial institutions) from jurisdictions included in FATF Statements and countries that do not or insufficiently apply the FATF Recommendations shall be examined, and written findings together with all documents



shall be retained and shall be made available to Reserve Bank/other relevant authorities, on request.

22. Secrecy Obligations and Sharing of Information:

(a) SAMUNNATI shall maintain secrecy regarding the customer information which arises out of the contractual relationship between the **SAMUNNATI** and customer.

(b) Information collected from customers for the purpose of opening of account shall be treated as confidential and details thereof shall not be divulged for the purpose of cross selling, or for any other purpose without the express permission of the customer.

(c) While considering the requests for data/information from Government and other agencies, **SAMUNNATI** shall satisfy themselves that the information being sought is not of such a nature as will violate the provisions of the laws relating to secrecy in the related transactions.

(d) The exceptions to the said rule shall be as under:

- i) Where disclosure is under compulsion of law
- ii) Where there is a duty to the public to disclose,
- iii) the interest of **SAMUNNATI** requires disclosure and
- iv) Where the disclosure is made with the express or implied consent of the customer.

(e) SAMUNNATI shall maintain confidentiality of information as provided in Section 45NB of RBI Act 1934.

23. CDD Procedure and sharing KYC information with Central KYC Records Registry (CKYCR)

(a) Government of India has authorised the Central Registry of Securitisation Asset Reconstruction and Security Interest of India (CERSAI), to act as, and to perform the functions of the CKYCR vide Gazette Notification No. S.O. 3183(E) dated November 26, 2015.

(b) In terms of provision of Rule 9(1A) of PML Rules, the SAMUNNATI shall capture customer's KYC records and upload KYC data pertaining to



- i all new individual accounts opened on or after from April 1, 2017
- ii LEs opened on or after April 1, 2021,

onto CKYCR within 10 days of commencement of an account-based relationship with the customer.

(C) SAMUNNATI shall capture the KYC information for sharing with the CKYCR in the manner mentioned in the Rules, as per the KYC templates prepared for 'Individuals' and 'Legal Entities' (LEs), as the case may be. The templates may be revised from time to time, as may be required and released by CERSAI.

(d) Once KYC Identifier is generated by CKYCR, SAMUNNATI shall ensure that the same is communicated to the individual/LE as the case may be.

(e) In order to ensure that all KYC records are incrementally uploaded on to CKYCR, SAMUNNATI shall upload/update the KYC data pertaining to accounts of individual customers and LEs opened prior to the above-mentioned dates as per (e) and (f) respectively at the time of periodic updation as specified in Section 38 of this Master Direction, or earlier, when the updated KYC information is obtained/received from the customer.

(f) SAMUNNATI shall ensure that during periodic updation, the customers are migrated to the current CDD standard.

(g) Where a customer, for the purposes of establishing an account-based relationship, submits a KYC Identifier to a SAMUNNATI, with an explicit consent to download records from CKYCR, then such SAMUNNATI shall retrieve the KYC records online from the CKYCR using the KYC Identifier and the customer shall not be required to submit the same KYC records or information or any other additional identification documents or details, unless –

- i. there is a change in the information of the customer as existing in the records of CKYCR;
- ii. the current address of the customer is required to be verified;
- iii. the SAMUNNATI considers it necessary in order to verify the identity or address of the customer, or to perform enhanced due diligence or to build an appropriate risk profile of the client.

24. Reporting requirements under Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) and Common Reporting Standards (CRS)

As SAMUNNATI is a Non-Deposit taking NBFC engaged in lending activities only for Indian Resident



Customers, FATCA / CRS rules will not be applicable.

25. Operation of Loan Accounts & Money Mules

The instructions on opening of accounts and monitoring of transactions shall be strictly adhered to, in order to minimise the operations of "Money Mules" which are used to launder the proceeds of fraud schemes (e.g., phishing and identity theft) by criminals who gain illegal access to deposit accounts by recruiting third parties which act as "money mules."

26. Introduction of New Technologies:

Samunnati shall identify and assess the ML/TF risks that may arise in relation to the development of new products and new business practices, including new delivery mechanisms, and the use of new or developing technologies for both new and pre-existing products.

Further, Samunnati shall ensure:

(a) to undertake the ML/TF risk assessments prior to the launch or use of such products, practices, services, technologies; and

(b) adoption of a risk-based approach to manage and mitigate the risks through appropriate EDD measures and transaction monitoring, etc.

27. Issuance of Prepaid Payment Instruments (PPIs):

PPI issuers shall ensure that the instructions issued by Department of Payment and Settlement System of Reserve Bank of India through their Master Direction are strictly adhered to.

28. Hiring of Employees and Employee training

- a. Adequate screening mechanism, including Know Your Employee / Staff policy, as an integral part of their personnel recruitment/hiring process shall be put in place.
- b. Samunnati shall endeavour to ensure that the staff dealing with / being deployed for



KYC/AML/CFT matters have: high integrity and ethical standards, good understanding of extant KYC/AML/CFT standards, effective communication skills and ability to keep up with the changing KYC/AML/CFT landscape, nationally and internationally. Samunnati shall also strive to develop an environment which fosters open communication and high integrity amongst the staff.

c. On-going employee training programme shall be put in place so that the members of staff are adequately trained in KYC/CFT policy. The focus of the training shall be different for frontline staff, compliance staff and staff dealing with new customers. The front desk staff shall be specially trained to handle issues arising from lack of customer education. Proper staffing of the audit function with persons adequately trained and well-versed in KYC/CFT policies of the SAMUNNATI, regulation and related issues shall be ensured.



Annex-I

File No.14014/01/2019/CFT Government of India Ministry of Home Affairs CTCR Division North Block, New Delhi, Dated 02nd February,2021 ORDER

Subject: - **Procedure for implementation of Section 51A of the Unlawful (Prevention) Act, 1967.** Section 51A of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967 (UAPA) reads as under:-

"51A. For the prevention of, and for coping with terrorist activities, the Central Government shall have power to —

- a. freeze, seize or attach funds and other financial assets or economic resources held by, on behalf
 of or at the direction of the individuals or entities listed in the Schedule to the Order, or any other
 person engaged in or suspected to be engaged in terrorism;
- prohibit any individual or entity from making any funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services available for the benefit of the individuals or entities listed in the Schedule to the Order or any other person engaged in or suspected to be engaged in terrorism;
- c. prevent the entry into or the transit through India of individuals listed in the Schedule to the Order or any other person engaged in or suspected to be engaged in terrorism".

The Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967 defines "Order" as under: -

"Order" means the Prevention and Suppression of Terrorism (Implementation of Security Council Resolutions) Order, 2007, as may be amended from time to time.

2. In order to ensure expeditious and effective implementation of the provisions of Section 51A, a revised procedure is outlined below in supersession of earlier orders and guidelines on the subject:


3. Appointment and communication details of the UAPA Nodal Officers:

3.1 The Joint Secretary (CTCR), Ministry of Home Affairs would be the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA [Telephone Number: 011-23092456, 011-230923465 (Fax), email address: jsctcrmha@gov.in].

3.2 The Ministry of External Affairs, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Foreigners Division of MHA, FIU-IND, Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC) and Financial Regulators (RBI, SEBI and IRDA) shall appoint a UAPA Nodal Officer and communicate the name and contact details to the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA.

3.4 All the States and UTs shall appoint a UAPA Nodal Officer preferably of the rank of the Principal Secretary/Secretary, Home Department and communicate the name and contact details to the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA.

3.5 The Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA shall maintain the consolidated list of all UAPA Nodal Officers and forward the list to all other UAPA Nodal Officers, in July every year or as and when the list is updated and shall cause the amended list of UAPA Nodal Officers circulated to all the Nodal Officers.

3.6 The Financial Regulators shall forward the consolidated list of UAPA Nodal Officers to the banks, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI and insurance companies.

3.7 The Regulators of the real estate agents, dealers in precious metals & stones (DPMS) and DNFBPs shall forward the consolidated list of UAPA Nodal Officers to the real estate agents, dealers in precious metals & stones (DPMS) and DNFBPs.

4. Communication of the list of designated individuals/entities:

4.1 The Ministry of External Affairs shall update the list of individuals and entities subject to the UN sanction measures whenever changes are made in the lists by the UNSC 1267 Committee pertaining to Al Qaida and Da'esh and the UNSC 1988 Committee pertaining to Taliban. On such revisions, the Ministry of External Affairs would electronically forward the changes without delay to the designated Nodal Officers



in the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, CBIC, Financial Regulators, FIU–IND, CTCR Division and Foreigners Division in MHA.

4.2 The Financial Regulators shall forward the list of designated persons as mentioned in Para 4(i) above, without delay to the banks, stock exchanges/ depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI and insurance companies.

4.3 The Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA shall forward the designated list as mentioned in Para 4(i) above, to all the UAPA Nodal Officers of States/UTs without delay.

4.4 The UAPA Nodal Officer in Foreigners Division of MHA shall forward the designated list as mentioned in Para 4(i) above, to the immigration authorities and security agencies without delay.

4.5 The Regulators of the real estate agents, dealers in precious metals & stones (DPMS) and DNFBPs shall forward the list of designated persons as mentioned in Para 4(i) above, to the real estate agents, dealers in precious metals & stones (DPMS) and DNFBPs without delay.

5. Regarding funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services held in the form of bank accounts, stocks or Insurance policies etc.

5.1 The Financial Regulators will issue necessary guidelines to banks, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries regulated by the SEBI and insurance companies requiring them -

(i) To maintain updated designated lists in electronic form and run a check on the given parameters on a daily basis to verify whether individuals or entities listed in the Schedule to the Order, hereinafter, referred to as designated individuals/entities are holding any funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services held in the form of bank accounts, stocks, Insurance policies etc., with them.

(ii) In case, the particulars of any of their customers match with the particulars of designated individuals/entities, the banks, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI, insurance companies shall immediately inform full particulars of the funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services held in the form of bank accounts, stocks or Insurance policies etc., held by such customer on their books to the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA, at Fax No.011-23092551



and also convey over telephone No. 011-23092548. The particulars apart from being sent by post shall necessarily be conveyed on email id: jsctcr-mha@gov.in.

(iii) The banks, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI and insurance companies shall also send a copy of the communication mentioned in 5.1 (ii) above to the UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT where the account is held and to Regulators and FIU-IND, as the case may be, without delay.

(iv) In case, the match of any of the customers with the particulars of designated individuals/entities is beyond doubt, the banks, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI and insurance companies shall prevent such designated persons from conducting financial transactions, under intimation to the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA at Fax No.011-23092551 and also convey over telephone No.011-23092548. The particulars apart from being sent by post should necessarily be conveyed on e-mail id: <u>isctcr-mha@gov.in</u>, without delay.

(v) The banks, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI, and insurance companies shall file a Suspicious Transaction Report (STR) with FIU-IND covering all transactions in the accounts, covered under Paragraph 5.1(ii) above, carried through or attempted as per the prescribed format.

5.2 On receipt of the particulars, as referred to in Paragraph 5 (i) above, the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA would cause a verification to be conducted by the State Police and/or the Central Agencies so as to ensure that the individuals/ entities identified by the banks, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries and insurance companies are the ones listed as designated individuals/ entities and the funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services, reported by banks, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI and insurance companies are held by the designated individuals/entities. This verification would be completed expeditiously from the date of receipt of such particulars.

5.3 In case, the results of the verification indicate that the properties are owned by or are held for the benefit of the designated individuals/entities, an order to freeze these assets under Section 51A of the UAPA would be issued by the Central [designated] nodal officer for the UAPA without delay and conveyed electronically to the concerned bank branch, depository and insurance company under intimation to respective Regulators and FIU-IND. The Central [designated] nodal officer for the UAPA shall also forward a copy thereof to all the Principal Secretaries/Secretaries, Home Department of the States/UTs and all



UAPA nodal officers in the country, so that any individual or entity may be prohibited from making any funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services available for the benefit of the designated individuals/ entities or any other person engaged in or suspected to be engaged in terrorism. The Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA shall also forward a copy of the order to all Directors General of Police/ Commissioners of Police of all States/UTs for initiating action under the provisions of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967.

The order shall be issued without prior notice to the designated individual/entity.

6. Regarding financial assets or economic resources of the nature of immovable properties:

6.1 The Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA shall electronically forward the designated list to the UAPA Nodal Officers of all States and UTs with request to have the names of the designated individuals/entities, on the given parameters, verified from the records of the office of the Registrar performing the work of registration of immovable properties in their respective jurisdiction, without delay.

6.2 In case, the designated individuals/entities are holding financial assets or economic resources of the nature of immovable property and if any match with the designated individuals/entities is found, the UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT would cause communication of the complete particulars of such individual/entity along with complete details of the financial assets or economic resources of the nature of immovable property to the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA without delay at Fax No. 011-23092551 and also convey over telephone No. 011-23092548. The particulars apart from being sent by post would necessarily be conveyed on email id: jsctcr-mha@gov.in.

6.3 The UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT may cause such inquiry to be conducted by the State Police so as to ensure that the particulars sent by the Registrar performing the work of registering immovable properties are indeed of these designated individuals/entities. This verification shall be completed without delay and shall be conveyed within 24 hours of the verification, if it matches with the particulars of the designated individual/entity to the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA at the given Fax, telephone numbers and also on the email id.



6.4 The Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA may also have the verification conducted by the Central Agencies. This verification would be completed expeditiously.

6.5 In case, the results of the verification indicates that the particulars match with those of designated individuals/entities, an order under Section 51A of the UAPA shall be issued by the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA without delay and conveyed to the concerned Registrar performing the work of registering immovable properties and to FIU-IND under intimation to the concerned UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT.

The order shall be issued without prior notice to the designated individual/entity.

6.6 Further, the UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT shall cause to monitor the transactions/ accounts of the designated individual/entity so as to prohibit any individual or entity from making any funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services available for the benefit of the individuals or entities listed in the Schedule to the Order or any other person engaged in or suspected to be engaged in terrorism. The UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT shall, upon becoming aware of any transactions and attempts by third party immediately bring to the notice of the DGP/Commissioner of Police of the State/UT for initiating action under the provisions of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967.

7. Regarding the real-estate agents, dealers of precious metals/stones (DPMS) and other Designated Non-Financial Businesses and Professions (DNFBPs):

(i) The Designated Non-Financial Businesses and Professions (DNFBPs), inter alia, include casinos, real estate agents, dealers in precious metals/stones (DPMS), lawyers/notaries, accountants, company service providers and societies/ firms and non-profit organizations. The list of designated entities/individuals should be circulated to all DNFBPs by the concerned Regulators without delay.

(ii) The CBIC shall advise the dealers of precious metals/stones (DPMS) that if any designated individual/entity approaches them for sale/purchase of precious metals/stones or attempts to undertake such transactions the dealer should not carry out such transaction and without delay inform the CBIC, who in turn follow the similar procedure as laid down in the paragraphs 6.2 to 6.5 above.

(iii) The UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT shall advise the Registrar of Societies/ Firms/ non-profit organizations that if any designated individual/ entity is a shareholder/ member/ partner/ director/



settler/ trustee/ beneficiary/ beneficial owner of any society/ partnership firm/ trust/ non-profit organization, then the Registrar should inform the UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT without delay, who will, in turn, follow the procedure as laid down in the paragraphs 6.2 to 6.5 above. The Registrar should also be advised that no societies/ firms/ non-profit organizations should be allowed to be registered, if any of the designated individual/ entity is a director/ partner/ office bearer/ trustee/ settler/ beneficiary or beneficial owner of such juridical person and in case such request is received, then the Registrar shall inform the UAPA Nodal Officer of the concerned State/UT without delay, who will, in turn, follow the procedure laid down in the paragraphs 6.2 to 6.5 above.

(iv) The UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT shall also advise appropriate department of the State/UT, administering the operations relating to Casinos, to ensure that the designated individuals/ entities should not be allowed to own or have beneficial ownership in any Casino operation. Further, if any designated individual/ entity visits or participates in any game in the Casino and/ or if any assets of such designated individual/ entity is with the Casino operator, and of the particulars of any client matches with the particulars of designated individuals/ entities, the Casino owner shall inform the UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT without delay, who shall in turn follow the procedure laid down in paragraph 6.2 to 6.5 above.

(v) The Ministry of Corporate Affairs shall issue an appropriate order to the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, Institute of Cost and Works Accountants of India and Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) requesting them to sensitize their respective members to the provisions of Section 51A of UAPA, so that if any designated individual/entity approaches them, for entering/ investing in the financial sector and/or immovable property, or they are holding or managing any assets/ resources of Designated individual/ entities, then the member shall convey the complete details of such designated individual/ entity to UAPA Nodal Officer in the Ministry of Corporate Affairs who shall in turn follow the similar procedure as laid down in paragraph 6.2 to 6.5 above.

(vi) The members of these institutes should also be sensitized that if they have arranged for or have been approached for incorporation/ formation/ registration of any company, limited liability firm, partnership firm, society, trust, association where any of designated individual/ entity is a director/ shareholder/ member of a company/ society/ association or partner in a firm or settler/ trustee or beneficiary of a trust or a beneficial owner of a juridical person, then the member of the institute should not incorporate/ form/



register such juridical person and should convey the complete details of such designated individual/entity to UAPA Nodal Officer in the Ministry of Corporate Affairs who shall in turn follow the similar procedure as laid down in paragraph 6.2 to 6.5 above.

(vii) In addition, the member of the ICSI be sensitized that if he/she is Company Secretary or is holding any managerial position where any of designated individual/ entity is a Director and/or Shareholder or having beneficial ownership of any such juridical person then the member should convey the complete details of such designated individual/ entity to UAPA Nodal Officer in the Ministry of Corporate Affairs who shall in turn follow the similar procedure as laid down in paragraph 6.2 to 6.5 above.

(viii) The Registrar of Companies (ROC) may be advised that in case any designated individual/ entity is a shareholder/ director/ whole time director in any company registered with ROC or beneficial owner of such company, then the ROC should convey the complete details of such designated individual/ entity, as per the procedure mentioned in paragraph 8 to 10 above. This procedure shall also be followed in case of any designated individual/ entity being a partner of Limited Liabilities Partnership Firms registered with ROC or beneficial owner of such firms. Further the ROC may be advised that no company or limited liability Partnership firm shall be allowed to be registered if any of the designated individual/ entity is the Director/ Promoter/ Partner or beneficial owner of such company or firm and in case such a request received the ROC should inform the UAPA Nodal Officer in the Ministry of Corporate Affairs who in turn shall follow the similar procedure as laid down in paragraph 6.2 to 6.5 above.

8. Regarding implementation of requests received from foreign countries under U.N. Security Council Resolution 1373 of 2001:

8.1 The U.N. Security Council Resolution No.1373 of 2001 obligates countries to freeze without delay the funds or other assets of persons who commit, or attempt to commit, terrorist acts or participate in or facilitate the commission of terrorist acts; of entities owned or controlled directly or indirectly by such persons; and of persons and entities acting on behalf of, or at the direction of such persons and entities, including funds or other assets derived or generated from property owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by such persons and associated persons and entities. Each individual country has the authority to designate the persons and entities that should have their funds or other assets frozen. Additionally, to ensure that effective cooperation is developed among countries, countries should examine and give effect to, if appropriate, the actions initiated under the freezing mechanisms of other countries.



8.2 To give effect to the requests of foreign countries under the U.N. Security Council Resolution 1373, the Ministry of External Affairs shall examine the requests made by the foreign countries and forward it electronically, with their comments, to the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA for freezing of funds or other assets.

8.3 The Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA shall cause the request to be examined without delay, so as to satisfy itself that on the basis of applicable legal principles, the requested designation is supported by reasonable grounds, or a reasonable basis, to suspect or believe that the proposed designee is a terrorist, one who finances terrorism or a terrorist organization, and upon his satisfaction, request would be electronically forwarded to the Nodal Officers in Regulators, FIU-IND and to the Nodal Officers of the States/UTs. The proposed designee, as mentioned above would be treated as designated individuals/entities.

9. Upon receipt of the requests by these Nodal Officers from the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA, the similar procedure as enumerated at paragraphs 5 and 6 above shall be followed.

The freezing orders shall be issued without prior notice to the designated persons involved.

10. Regarding exemption, to be granted to the above orders in accordance with UNSCR 1452.

10.1 The above provisions shall not apply to funds and other financial assets or economic resources that have been determined by the Central [designated] nodal officer of the UAPA to be:-

(a) necessary for basic expenses, including payments for foodstuff, rent or mortgage, medicines and medical treatment, taxes, insurance premiums and public utility charges, or exclusively for payment of reasonable professional fees and reimbursement of incurred expenses associated with the provision of legal services or fees or service charges for routine holding or maintenance of frozen funds or other financial assets or economic resources, after notification by the MEA of the intention to authorize, where appropriate, access to such funds, assets or resources and in the absence of a negative decision within 48 hours of such notification;

(b) necessary for extraordinary expenses, provided that such determination has been notified by the MEA;



10.2. The addition may be allowed to accounts of the designated individuals/ entities subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of:

(a) interest or other earnings due on those accounts, or

(b) payments due under contracts, agreements or obligations that arose prior to the date on which those accounts became subject to the provisions of resolutions 1267 (1999), 1333 (2000), or 1390 (2002),

Provided that any such interest, other earnings and payments continue to be subject to those provisions;

10.3 (a): The designated individual or organization may submit a request to the Central [Designated] Nodal Officer for UAPA under the provisions of Para 10.1 above. The Central [Designated] Nodal Officer for UAPA may be approached by post at "Additional Secretary (CTCR), North Block, New Delhi – 110001" or through email to jsctcr-mha@gov.in"

(b): The Central [Designated] Nodal Officer for UAPA shall examine such requests, in consultation with the Law Enforcement Agencies and other Security Agencies and Intelligence Agencies and, if accepted, communicate the same, if applicable, to the Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India for notifying the committee established pursuant to UNSC Resolution 1267 (1999) of the intention to authorize, access to such funds, assets or resources in terms of Para 10.1 above.

11. Regarding procedure for unfreezing of funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services of individuals/entities inadvertently affected by the freezing mechanism upon verification that the person or entity is not a designated person:

11.1 Any individual or entity, if it has evidence to prove that the freezing of funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services, owned/held by them has been inadvertently frozen, they shall move an application giving the requisite evidence, in writing, to the concerned bank, stock exchanges/ depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI, insurance companies, Registrar of Immovable Properties, ROC, Regulators of DNFBPs and the UAPA Nodal Officers of State/UT.

11.2 The banks, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI, insurance companies, Registrar of Immovable Properties, ROC, Regulators of DNFBPs and the State/ UT Nodal Officers shall inform and forward a copy of the application together with full details of the asset frozen given by any individual or entity informing of the funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services have been frozen inadvertently, to the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA as per the contact details given in Paragraph 3.1 above, within two working days.



11.3 The Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA shall cause such verification, as may be required on the basis of the evidence furnished by the individual/entity, and, if satisfied, he/she shall pass an order, without delay, unfreezing the funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services, owned/held by such applicant, under intimation to the concerned bank, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI, insurance company, Registrar of Immovable Properties, ROC, Regulators of DNFBPs and the UAPA Nodal Officer of State/UT. However, if it is not possible for any reason to pass an Order unfreezing the assets within 5 working days, the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA shall inform the applicant expeditiously.

11A. Regarding procedure for unfreezing of funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services of individuals/organisations in the event of delisting by the UNSCR 1267 (1999), 1988 (2011) and 1989 (2011) Committee

Upon making an application in writing by the concerned individual/organisation, to the concerned bank, stock exchanges/depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI, insurance companies, Registrar of Immovable Properties, RoC, Regulators of DNFBPs, Department of Posts and the UAPA Nodal Officers of all States/UTs., who in turn shall forward the application along with the full details of the assets frozen to the Central [Designated] Nodal Officer for UAPA within two working days. The Central [Designated] Nodal Officer for UAPA within two working days. The Central [Designated] Nodal Officer for UAPA shall examine the request in consultation with the Law Enforcement Agencies and other Security Agencies and Intelligence Agencies and cause such verification as may be required and if satisfied, shall pass an order, without delay, unfreezing the funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services owned or held by the applicant under intimation to concerned bank, stock exchanges/ depositories, intermediaries regulated by SEBI, insurance companies, Registrar of Immovable Properties, RoC, Regulators of DNFBPs, Department of Posts and the UAPA Nodal Officers of all States/UTs.

12. Regarding prevention of entry into or transit through India:

12.1 As regards prevention of entry into or transit through India of the designated individuals, the UAPA Nodal Officer in the Foreigners Division of MHA, shall forward the designated lists to the immigration authorities and security agencies with a request to prevent the entry into or the transit through India. The order shall take place without prior notice to the designated individuals/entities.

12.2 The immigration authorities shall ensure strict compliance of the order and also communicate the details of entry or transit through India of the designated individuals as prevented by them to the UAPA Nodal Officer in Foreigners Division of MHA.



13. Procedure for communication of compliance of action taken under Section 51A:

The Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA and the Nodal Officer in the Foreigners Division, MHA shall furnish the details of funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services of designated individuals/entities frozen by an order, and details of the individuals whose entry into India or transit through India was prevented, respectively, to the Ministry of External Affairs for onward communication to the United Nations.

14. Communication of the Order issued under Section 51A of Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967:

The order issued under Section 51A of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967 by the Central [designated] Nodal Officer for the UAPA relating to funds, financial assets or economic resources or related services, shall be communicated to all the UAPA nodal officers in the country, the Regulators of Financial Services, FIU-IND and DNFBPs, banks, depositories/stock exchanges, intermediaries regulated by SEBI, Registrars performing the work of registering immovable properties through the UAPA Nodal Officer of the State/UT.



Annex-	Characteristics
IlIndicative	
List	
High Risk	Individuals and entities listed in various United Nations Security Council Resolutions (UNSCRs) such as UN
High Risk Customers	 Individuals and entities listed in various United Nations Security Council Resolutions (UNSCRs) such as UN 1267 etc. 1. Individuals or entities listed in the schedule to the order under section 51A of the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967 relating to the purposes of prevention of, and for coping with terrorist activities. 2. Individuals or entities in watch lists issued by Interpol and other similar international organizations. 3. Customers with dubious reputation as per public information available or commercially available watch lists. 4. Individuals and entities specifically identified by regulators, FIU and other competent authorities as high risk. 5. Customers conducting their business relationship or transactions in unusual circumstances such as significant and unexplained geographic distance between the institutions, frequent and unexplained movement of accounts to different institutions, frequent and unexplained movement of funds between institutions or locations 7. Politically exposed persons (PEPs) of foreign origin, customers who are close relatives of PEPs and accounts of which a PEP is the ultimate beneficial owner. 8. Non-resident customers and foreign nationals. 9. Embassies/consulates 10.Off-shore (foreign) corporation/business 11.Non face-to-face customers 12.High net worth individuals 13.Firms with "Sleeping partners" 14.Companies having close family shareholding or beneficial ownership 15.Complex business ownership structures, which can make it easier to conceal underlying beneficiaries, where there is no legitimate commercial rationale. 16.Shell companies which have no physical presence in the country in which it is incorporated. The existence simply of a local agent or low level staff does not constitute physical presence.
	17.Investment Management/ Money Management Company/ Personal Investment Company 18.Accounts for "gatekeepers" such as accountants, lawyers or other professionals for their clients
	where the identity of the underlying client is not disclosed to the financial institution. 19.Client Accounts managed by professional service providers such as law firms, accountants, agents, brokers, fund managers, trustees, custodians etc.



	 20. Trusts, charities, NGOs/Non- Profit Organisations (NPOs) (Especially those operating on a "cross-border" basis) unregulated clubs and organizations receiving donations (excluding NPOs/NGOs promoted by United Nations or its agencies) 21. Money Service Business: including seller of : Money Orders/ Travellers' Checks/ Money Transmission/ Check Cashing/ Currency Dealing or Exchange 22. Business accepting third party cheques (except Supermarkets or retail stores that accept payroll cheques/ cash payroll cheques) 23. Gambling/ Gaming including "Junket Operators" arranging gambling tours. 24. Dealers in high value or precious goods (e.g. Jewel, gem and precious metals dealers, art and antique dealers and auction houses, estate agents and real estate brokers) 25. Customers engaged in business which is associated with higher levels of corruption (e.g. arms manufacturers, dealers and intermediaries.) 26. Customers engaged in industries that might relate to nuclear proliferation activities or explosives.
	27. Customers that may appear to be Multi level marketing companies etc.
Medium Risk	 Non-Bank Financial Institution Stock brokerage Import/Export Gas Station Car/Boat/ Plane dealership Electronics (wholesale) Travel Agency Used Car sales Telemarketers Providers of telecommunications service, internet café, IDD call service, phone cards, phone center Dot-com company or internet business Pawn shops Auctioneers Cash intensive business such as restaurants, retail shops, parking garages, fast food stores, movie theaters etc. Sole Practitioners or Law Firms (small, little known) Notaries (small, little known) Secretarial Firms (small, little known) Accountants (small, little known) Accountants (small, little known) Venture Capital companies
Low Risk	Risk which is not categorised in High risk and Medium risk will be identified as low Risk
High/Medium	Indicative List of High/Medium risk Geographies
risk	Countries/Jurisdictions
	1. Countries subject to sanctions, embargoes or similar measures in the United Nations Security Council
Geographies	Resolutions (UNSCR)
	2. Jurisdictions identified in FATF public statement as having substantial money laundering and terrorist financing (ML/TF) risks (<u>www.fatf-gafi.org</u>)
	 Jurisdictions identified in FATF public statement with strategic AML/CFT deficiencies (www.fatf- gafi.org)



4. Tax havens or countries that are known for highly secretive banking and corporate law practices
5. Counties identified by credible sources as lacking appropriate AML/CFT laws, regulations and other
measures.
6. Countries identified by credible sources as providing funding or support for terrorist activities that
have designated terrorist organizations operating within them
7. Countries identified by credible sources as having significant levels of criminal activity
8. Countries identified by the bank as high risk because of its prior experiences, transaction history or
other factors (e.g. legal considerations, or allegations of official corruption)



Annex-III

Income-tax Rules, 1962

FORM NO. 60

[See second proviso to rule 114B]

Form for declaration to be filed by an individual or a person (not being a company or firm) who does not

have a permanent account number and who enters into any

transaction specified in rule 114B

1	First Name											
	Middle Nam											
	Surname											
2	Date of Birth/ Inc	corporation of decla	irant	t	D	D	М	М	Y	Y	Y	Υ
3	Father's Name (i	n case of individual)										
	First Name											
	Middle Name											
	Surname											
4	Flat/ Room No.		5	Floor No.								
6	Name of premises		7	Block Name/No.								
8	Road/ Street/ Lane			Area/ Locality								

10	Town/ City			1	11	District		12	State	
13	Pin code 14 Telephone Numbe			nber	r (with STD code) 15			Mobile Number		
16	6 Amount of transaction (Rs.)									



17	Date of transaction			D	D	М	М	Y	Y	Y	Y	
18	In case of transaction in joint names, number of persons involved in the transaction											
19	Mode of transaction: Cash,	Cheque,	Card, D	raft/	'Ban	ker'	s Ch	equ	e,			
	Online transfer, Other											
20	Aadhaar Number issued by UIDAI (if available)										
21	If applied for PAN and it is not yet	generated er	nter date of	D	D	М	М	Y	Y	Y	Y	
	application and acknowledgement	number										
22	If PAN not applied, fill estimated to	otal income (ir	ncluding inc	ome	ofs	spou	ise,	min	or cl	hild	etc.	
	as per section 64 of Income-tax	Act, 1961) fo	or the fina	ncial	yea	ar ir	n wł	nich	the	abo	ove	
	transaction is held											
	A Agricultural income (Rs.)											
	B Other than agricultural income	(Rs.)										
23	Details of document being	Document	Docume	Document Name and addres					dres	ss of the		
	produced in support of identify in	code	identificat	tion	authority issuing the					е		
	Column 1 (Refer Instruction		numbe	r			do	cum	nent			
	overleaf)											
24	Details of document being	Document	Docume	nt	Name and address of t					the		
	produced in support of address in	code	identificat	authority issuing th				g th	е			
	Columns 4 to 13 (Refer		numbe	r			do	cum	nent			
	Instruction overleaf)											
	Verification											

Verification

I, ______ do hereby declare that what is stated above

is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further declare that I do not have a Permanent Account



Number and my/ our estimated total income (including income of spouse, minor child etc. as per section 64 of Income-tax Act, 1961) computed in accordance with the provisions of Income-tax Act, 1961 for the financial year in which the above transaction is held will be less than maximum amount not chargeable to tax. Verified today, the ______ day of ______ 20____

Place:

(Signature of declarant)

Note:

1. Before signing the declaration, the declarant should satisfy himself that the information furnished in this form is true, correct and complete in all respects. Any person making a false statement in the declaration shall be liable to prosecution under section 277 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 and on conviction be punishable,

- (i) in a case where tax sought to be evaded exceeds twenty-five lakh rupees, with rigorous imprisonment which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to seven years and with fine;
- (ii) in any other case, with rigorous imprisonment which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to two years and with fine.

2. The person accepting the declaration shall not accept the declaration where the amount of income of the nature referred to in item 22b exceeds the maximum amount which is not chargeable to tax, unless PAN is applied for and column 21 is duly filled.

Instruction:

(1) Documents which can be produced in support of identity and address (not required if applied for PAN and item 20 is filled): -

SI.		Nature of Document	Document	Proof of	Proof of
			Code	Identity	Address
Α	For I	ndividuals and HUF			
	1.	AADHAR card	01	Yes	Yes



2.	Bank/Post office passbook bearing photograph of the person	02	Yes	Yes
3.	Elector's photo identity card	03	Yes	Yes
4.	Ration/Public Distribution System card bearing photograph of the person	04	Yes	Yes
5.	Driving License	05	Yes	Yes
6.	Passport	06	Yes	Yes
7.	Pensioner Photo card	07	Yes	Yes
8.	National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (NREGS) Job card	08	Yes	Yes
9.	Caste or Domicile certificate bearing photo of the Person	09	Yes	Yes
10.	Certificate of identity/address signed by a Member of Parliament or Member of Legislative Assembly or Municipal Councillor or a Gazetted Officer as per annexure A prescribed in Form 49A	10	Yes	Yes
11.	Certificate from employer as per annexure B prescribed in Form 49A	11	Yes	Yes
12.	Kisan passbook bearing photo	12	Yes	No
13.	Arm's license	13	Yes	No
14.	Central Government Health Scheme /Ex-servicemen Contributory Health Scheme card	14	Yes	No

15.	Photo identity card issued by the government./	15	Yes	No
	Public Sector Undertaking			
16.	Electricity bill (Not more than 3 months old)	16	No	Yes



	17.	Landline Telephone bill (Not more than 3 months old)	17	No	Yes
	18.	Water bill (Not more than 3 months old)	18	No	Yes
	19.	Consumer gas card/book or piped gas bill (Not more than 3 months old)	19	No	Yes
	20.	Bank Account Statement (Not more than 3 months old)	20	No	Yes
	21.	Credit Card statement (Not more than 3 months old)	21	No	Yes
	22.	Depository Account Statement (Not more than 3 months old)	22	No	Yes
	23.	Property registration document	23	No	Yes
	24.	Allotment letter of accommodation from Government	24	No	Yes
	25.	Passport of spouse bearing name of the person	25	No	Yes
	26.	Property tax payment receipt (Not more than one year old)	26	No	Yes
В	For A	Association of persons (Trusts)			
		y of trust deed or copy of certificate of registration ed by Charity Commissioner	27	Yes	Yes
С	For A	Association of persons (other than Trusts) or			
	Body	y of Individuals or Local authority or			
	Artif	icial Juridical Person)			
		of Agreement or copy of certificate of registration		Yes	Yes
		ed by Charity commissioner or Registrar of			
	-	perative society or any other competent authority or			
		other document originating from any Central or			
		e Government Department establishing identity and ess of such person.			



- (2) In case of a transaction in the name of a Minor, any of the above mentioned documents as proof of Identity and Address of any of parents/guardians of such minor shall be deemed to be the proof of identity and address for the minor declarant, and the declaration should be signed by the parent/guardian.
- (3) For HUF any document in the name of Karta of HUF is required.
- (4) In case the transaction is in the name of more than one person the total number of persons should be mentioned in Sl. No. 18 and the total amount of transaction is to be filled in Sl. No. 16.

In case the estimated total income in column 22b exceeds the maximum amount not chargeable to tax the person should apply for PAN, fill out item 21 and furnish proof of submission of application.



Annex-IV

Digital KYC Process

A. SAMUNNATI shall develop an application for digital KYC process which shall be made available at customer touch points for undertaking KYC of their customers and the KYC process shall be undertaken only through this authenticated application of the SAMUNNATI's.

B. The access of the Application shall be controlled by the SAMUNNATIs and it should be ensured that the same is not used by unauthorized persons. The Application shall be accessed only through login-id and password or Live OTP or Time OTP controlled mechanism given by SAMUNNATI's to its authorized officials.

C. The customer, for the purpose of KYC, shall visit the location of the authorized official of the SAMUNNATI or vice-versa. The original OVD shall be in possession of the customer.

D. SAMUNNATI must ensure that the Live photograph of the customer is taken by the authorized officer and the same photograph is embedded in the Customer Application Form (CAF). Further, the system Application of the SAMUNNATI shall put a water-mark in readable form having CAF number, GPS coordinates, authorized official's name, unique employee Code (assigned by SAMUNNATI) and Date (DD:MM: YYYY) and time stamp (HH:MM:SS) on the captured live photograph of the customer.

E. The Application of the SAMUNNATI shall have the feature that only live photograph of the customer is captured and no printed or video-graphed photograph of the customer is captured. The background behind the customer while capturing live photograph should be of white colour and no other person shall come into the frame while capturing the live photograph of the customer.

F. Similarly, the live photograph of the original OVD or proof of possession of Aadhaar where offline verification cannot be carried out (placed horizontally), shall be captured vertically from above and watermarking in readable form as mentioned above shall be done. No skew or tilt in the mobile device shall be there while capturing the live photograph of the original documents.



G. The live photograph of the customer and his original documents shall be captured in proper light so that they are clearly readable and identifiable.

H. Thereafter, all the entries in the CAF shall be filled as per the documents and information furnished by the customer. In those documents where Quick Response (QR) code is available, such details can be auto populated by scanning the QR code instead of manual filing the details. For example, in case of physical Aadhaar/e-Aadhaar downloaded from UIDAI where QR code is available, the details like name, gender, date of birth and address can be auto-populated by scanning the QR available on Aadhaar/e-Aadhaar.

I. Once the above-mentioned process is completed, a One Time Password (OTP) message containing the text that 'Please verify the details filled in form before sharing OTP' shall be sent to customer's own mobile number. Upon successful validation of the OTP, it will be treated as customer signature on CAF. However, if the customer does not have his/her own mobile number, then mobile number of his/her family/relatives/known persons may be used for this purpose and be clearly mentioned in CAF. In any case, the mobile number of authorized officers registered with the SAMUNNATI shall not be used for customer signature. The SAMUNNATI must check that the mobile number used in customer signature shall not be the mobile number of the authorized officer.

J. The authorized officer shall provide a declaration about the capturing of the live photograph of customer and the original document. For this purpose, the authorized official shall be verified with One Time Password (OTP) which will be sent to his mobile number registered with the SAMUNNATI. Upon successful OTP validation, it shall be treated as authorized officer's signature on the declaration. The live photograph of the authorized official shall also be captured in this authorized officer's declaration.

K. Subsequent to all these activities, the Application shall give information about the completion of the process and submission of activation request to activation officer of the SAMUNNATI, and also generate the transaction-id/reference-id number of the process. The authorized officer shall intimate the details regarding transaction-id/reference-id number to customer for future reference.

L. The authorized officer of the SAMUNNATI shall check and verify that:- (i) information available in the picture of document is matching with the information entered by authorized officer in CAF. (ii) live



photograph of the customer matches with the photo available in the document.; and (iii) all of the necessary details in CAF including mandatory field are filled properly.;

M. On Successful verification, the CAF shall be digitally signed by authorized officer of the SAMUNNATI who will take a print of CAF, get signatures/thumb-impression of customer at appropriate place, then scan and upload the same in system. Original hard copy may be returned to the customer.



Annex-V

Video based Customer Identification Process (V-CIP)

SAMUNNATI may undertake V-CIP to carry out:

- i. CDD in case of new customer on-boarding for individual customers, proprietor in case of proprietorship firm, authorised signatories and Beneficial Owners (BOs) in case of Legal Entity (LE) customers.
- ii. Provided that in case of CDD of a proprietorship firm, SAMUNNATI shall also obtain the equivalent edocument of the activity proofs with respect to the proprietorship firm, as mentioned in Section 28 and Section 29 of the Master Direction on Know Your Customer, apart from undertaking CDD of the proprietor.
- iii. Conversion of existing accounts opened in non-face to face mode using Aadhaar OTP based e-KYC authentication as per Section 17.
- iv. Updation/Periodic updation of KYC for eligible customers. SAMUNNATI opting to undertake V-CIP, shall adhere to the following minimum standards:

V-CIP Infrastructure

- SAMUNNATI shall ensure end-to-end encryption of data between customer device and the hosting point of the V-CIP application, as per appropriate encryption standards. The customer consent shall be recorded in an auditable and alteration proof manner.
- ii. The V-CIP infrastructure / application shall be capable of preventing connection from IP addresses outside India or from spoofed IP addresses.
- iii. The video recordings should contain the live GPS co-ordinates (geo-tagging) of the customer undertaking the V-CIP and date-time stamp. The quality of the live video in the V-CIP shall be adequate to allow identification of the customer beyond doubt.
- iv. The application shall have components with face liveness / spoof detection as well as face matching technology with high degree of accuracy, even though the ultimate responsibility of any customer identification rests with the SAMUNNATI. Appropriate artificial intelligence (AI) technology can be used to ensure that the V-CIP is robust.
- v. Based on experience of detected / attempted / 'near-miss' cases of forged identity, the technology infrastructure including application software as well as workflows shall be regularly



upgraded. Any detected case of forged identity through V-CIP shall be reported as a cyber event under extant regulatory guidelines.

- vi. The V-CIP infrastructure shall undergo necessary tests such as Vulnerability Assessment, Penetration testing and a Security Audit to ensure its robustness and end-to-end encryption capabilities. Any critical gap reported under this process shall be mitigated before rolling out its implementation. Such tests should be conducted by the empanelled auditors of Indian Computer Emergency Response Team (CERT-In) suitably accredited agencies as prescribed by RBI. Such tests should also be carried out periodically in conformance to internal / regulatory guidelines.
- vii. The V-CIP application software and relevant APIs / webservices shall also undergo appropriate testing of functional, performance, maintenance strength before being used in live environment.
 Only after closure of any critical gap found during such tests, the application should be rolled out.
 Such tests shall also be carried out periodically in conformity with internal/ regulatory guidelines.

V-CIP Procedure

- i. SAMUNNATI shall formulate a clear workflow and standard operating procedure for V-CIP and ensure adherence to it. The V-CIP process shall be operated only by officials of the SAMUNNATI specially trained for this purpose. The official should be capable to carry out liveliness check and detect any other fraudulent manipulation or suspicious conduct of the customer and act upon it.
- ii. Disruption of any sort including pausing of video, reconnecting calls, etc., should not result in creation of multiple video files. If pause or disruption is not leading to the creation of multiple files, then there is no need to initiate a fresh session by the Samunnati. However, in case of call drop / disconnection, fresh session shall be initiated
- iii. If there is a disruption in the V-CIP procedure, the same shall be aborted and a fresh session initiated.
- iv. The sequence and/or type of questions, including those indicating the liveness of the interaction, during video interactions shall be varied in order to establish that the interactions are real-time and not pre-recorded.
- v. Any prompting, observed at end of customer shall lead to rejection of the account opening process.
- vi. The fact of the V-CIP customer being an existing or new customer, or if it relates to a case rejected earlier or if the name appearing in some negative list should be factored in at appropriate stage of workflow.
- vii. The authorised official of the SAMUNNATI performing the V-CIP shall record audio video as well as capture photograph of the customer present for identification and obtain the identification



information using any one of the following:

- a) OTP based Aadhaar e-KYC authentication
- b) Offline Verification of Aadhaar for identification

c) KYC records downloaded from CKYCR, in accordance with Section 56, using the KYC identifier provided by the customer

d) Equivalent e-document of Officially Valid Documents (OVDs) including documents issued through Digi locker

SAMUNNATI shall ensure to redact or blackout the Aadhaar number in terms of Section 16.

In case of offline verification of Aadhaar using XML file or Aadhaar Secure QR Code, it shall be ensured that the XML file or QR code generation date is not older than three working days from the date of carrying out V-CIP.

Further, in line with the prescribed period of three days for usage of Aadhaar XML file / Aadhaar QR code, SAMUNNATI shall ensure that the video process of the V-CIP is undertaken within three working days of downloading / obtaining the identification information through CKYCR / Aadhaar authentication / equivalent e-document, if in the rare cases, the entire process cannot be completed at one go or seamlessly. However, SAMUNNATI shall ensure that no incremental risk is added due to this.

- viii. If the address of the customer is different from that indicated in the OVD, suitable records of the current address shall be captured, as per the existing requirement. It shall be ensured that the economic and financial profile/information submitted by the customer is also confirmed from the customer undertaking the V-CIP in a suitable manner.
- ix. SAMUNNATI shall capture a clear image of PAN card to be displayed by the customer during the process, except in cases where e-PAN is provided by the customer. The PAN details shall be verified from the database of the issuing authority including through Digi locker.
- x. Use of printed copy of equivalent e-document including e-PAN is not valid for the V-CIP.
- xi. The authorised official of the SAMUNNATI shall ensure that photograph of the customer in the Aadhaar/OVD and PAN/e-PAN matches with the customer undertaking the V-CIP and the identification details in Aadhaar/OVD and PAN/e-PAN shall match with the details provided by the customer.



- xii. All accounts opened through V-CIP shall be made operational only after being subject to concurrent audit, to ensure the integrity of process and its acceptability of the outcome.
- xiii. All matters not specified under the paragraph but required under other statutes such as the Information Technology (IT) Act shall be appropriately complied with by SAMUNNATI.